

ZETTLER DISPLAYS

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY

| CUSTOMER APPROVAL | | | |
|---|--|-----------------|--|
| | | | |
| ※ PART NO. : <u>ATM0500L19B (ZETTLER DISPLAYS) VER2.1</u> | | | |
| APPROVAL | | COMPANY CHOP | |
| CUSTOMER COMMENTS | | | |

| ZETTLER DISPLAYS ENGINEERING APPROVAL | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| DESIGNED BY | CHECKED BY | APPROVED BY |
| GZC | XW | GuZH |

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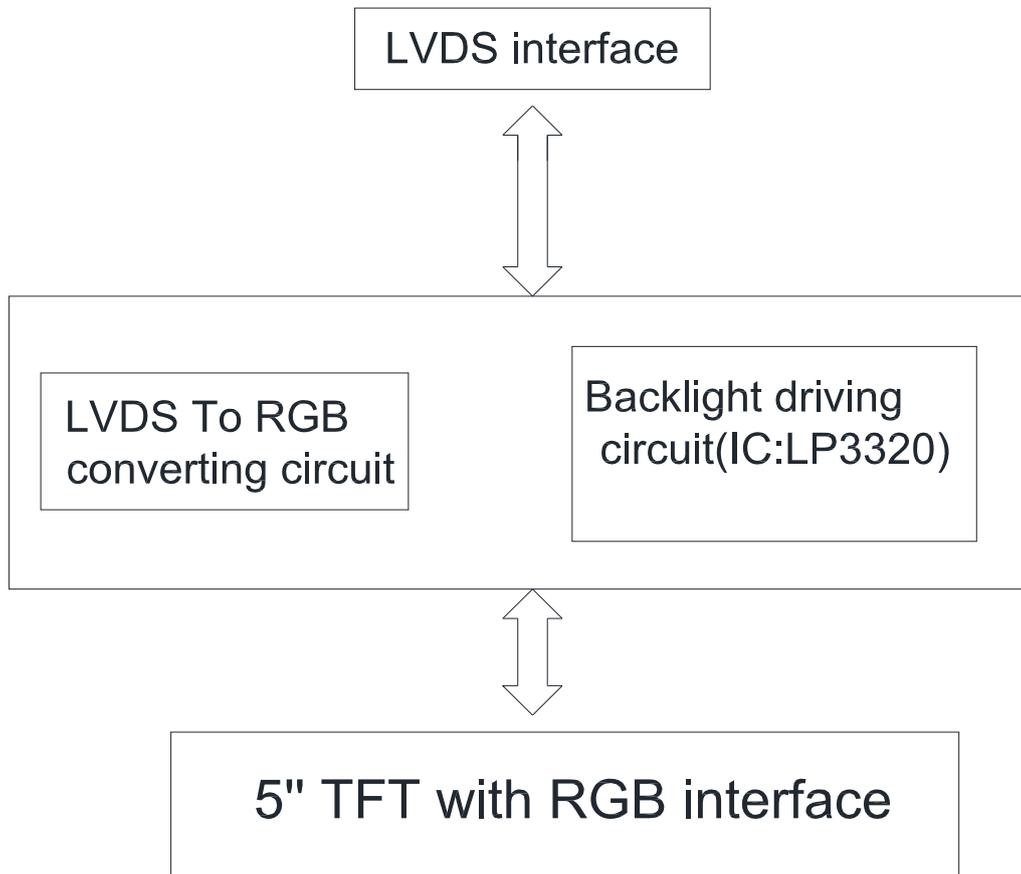
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1.0 GENERAL SPECIFICATION

| Item | Specification | Remark |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|
| 1. LCD size | 5.0 inch(Diagonal) | |
| 2. Driver element | a-Si TFT active matrix | |
| 3. Resolution | 800x(RGB)x480 | |
| 4. Display mode | Normally white, Transmissive | |
| 5. Dot Pitch (W*H) | 0.045mm(W) x 0.135mm(H) | |
| 6. Pixel pitch(W*H) | 0.135mm(W) x 0.135mm(H) | |
| 7. Active Area(W*H) | 108.00mm(W) x 64.80mm(H) | |
| 8. Module size (W*H) | 120.70mm(W) x 75.80mm(H) x 7.00mm(D) | Note 1 |
| 9. Surface treatment | Anti-glare | |
| 10. Color arrangement | RGB-stripe | |
| 11. Color | 262K | |
| 12. Viewing angle (L/R/T/B) | 80/80/80/80 | |
| 13. Interface | 18bit LVDS interface | |
| 14. LCD controller | EK73002AB2+EK9713CA | |
| 15. LCM brightness | 500cd/m2 (Typ.) | |
| 16. Backlight driving condition | 5V(Typ.) | |
| 17. Touch panel | N.A. | |
| 18. Touch controller | N.A. | |
| 19. Operation temperature | -20~70 °C | |
| 20. Weight | 69g (Typ.) | |
| 21. RoHS/REACH | RoHS/REACH compliant | |

Note 1: Please refer to mechanical drawing.

2.0 BLOCK DIAGRAM



3.0 PIN ASSIGNMENT

Connector is used for the module electronics interface. The recommended model is "FH19C-20S-0.5SH" manufactured by Hirose.

| Pin No. | Symbol | Function |
|---------|-----------|--|
| 1 | TX0- | Negative LVDS differential data input(R0-R5,G0)*3 |
| 2 | TX0+ | Positive LVDS differential data input(R0-R5,G0)*3 |
| 3 | VSS | Ground |
| 4 | TX1- | Negative LVDS differential data input(G1-G5,B0-B1)*3 |
| 5 | TX1+ | Positive LVDS differential data input(G1-G5,B0-B1)*3 |
| 6 | VSS | Ground |
| 7 | TX2- | Negative LVDS differential data input(B2-R5,HS,VS,DE)*3 |
| 8 | TX2+ | Positive LVDS differential data input(B2-R5,HS,VS,DE)*3 |
| 9 | VSS | Ground |
| 10 | CLK- | Clock Signal(-) |
| 11 | CLK+ | Clock signal(+) |
| 12 | VSS | Ground |
| 13 | NC*2 | Non Connection(open) |
| 14 | NC*2 | Non Connection(open) |
| 15 | VDD | +3.3V power supply for logic and LCM power |
| 16 | VDD | +3.3V power supply for logic and LCM power |
| 17 | BL_IN(5V) | +5.0V Backlight driving circuit power supply |
| 18 | BL_GND | Backlight driving circuit ground |
| 19 | BL_ADJ | Backlight ON/OFF/Dimming control(PWM:No less than 20KHZ, 0~100%) |
| 20 | VSS | Ground |

Note 1) Please connect VSS pin to ground. Don't use it as no-connect nor connection with high impedance.

Note 2) Please connect NC pin to nothing. Don't connect it to ground nor to other signal input.

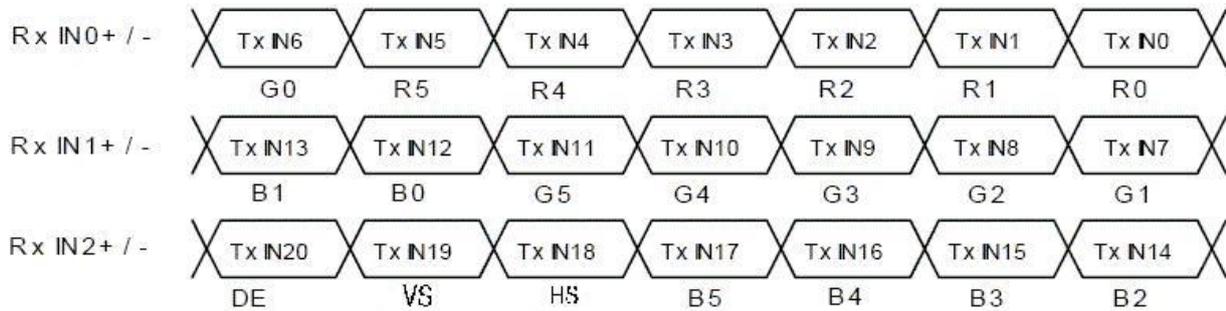
Note 3) Refer to next page.

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RECOMMENDED TRANSMITTER(DS90C365) TO LCM INTERFACE ASSIGNMENT

| DS90C365 | | | | LT084AC27500 Interface (CN1) | | |
|--------------------|----------|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Input Terminal No. | | Input Signal (Graphics controller output signal) | | Output Signal Symbol | Terminal | |
| Symbol | Terminal | Symbol | Function | | No.5 No.6 | Symbol |
| TxIN0 | 44 | R0 | Red Pixels Display Data (LSB) | TxOUT0- TxOUT0+ | No.5 No.6 | RxIN0- RxIN0+ |
| TxIN1 | 45 | R1 | Red Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TxIN2 | 47 | R2 | Red Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TxIN3 | 48 | R3 | Red Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TxIN4 | 1 | R4 | Red Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TxIN5 | 3 | R5 | Red Pixels Display Data (MSB) | TxOUT1- TxOUT1+ | No.8 No.9 | RxIN1- RxIN1+ |
| TxIN6 | 4 | G0 | Green Pixels Display Data (LSB) | | | |
| TxIN7 | 6 | G1 | Green Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TxIN8 | 7 | G2 | Green Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TxIN9 | 9 | G3 | Green Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TxIN10 | 10 | G4 | Green Pixels Display Data | TxOUT2- TxOUT2+ | No.11 No.12 | RxIN2- RxIN2+ |
| TxIN11 | 12 | G5 | Green Pixels Display Data (MSB) | | | |
| TxIN12 | 13 | B0 | Blue Pixels Display Data (LSB) | | | |
| TxIN13 | 15 | B1 | Blue Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TxIN14 | 16 | B2 | Blue Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TxIN15 | 18 | B3 | Blue Pixels Display Data | TxCLK OUT- TxCLK OUT+ | No.14 No.15 | CLK- CLK+ |
| TxIN16 | 19 | B4 | Blue Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TxIN17 | 20 | B5 | Blue Pixels Display Data (MSB) | | | |
| TxIN18 | 22 | HS | Horizontal sync | | | |
| TxIN19 | 23 | VS | Vertical sync | | | |
| TxIN20 | 25 | DE | Compound Synchronization Signal | | | |
| TxCLK IN | 26 | NCLK | Data Sampling Clock | | | |

Note 1) Please connect NC pin to nothing. Don't connect it to ground nor to other signal input.



4.0 Operating Specification

4.1 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Item | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------|----------|---------|-----|---------|------|
| Operating temperature | Top | -20 | - | 70 | °C |
| Storage temperature | Tst | -30 | - | 80 | °C |
| Input voltage | Vin | Vss-0.3 | - | Vdd+0.3 | V |
| Supply voltage for logic | Vdd- Vss | -0.3 | - | 3.6 | V |

4.1.1 Typical Operation Conditions

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----|---------------------|------|
| Power Supply Voltage | V _{DD} | Ta=25°C | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |
| Power Supply current | I _{DD} | V _{DD} =3.3V | - | 155 | - | mA |
| BL circuit voltage | V _{LED} (PIN17) | Ta=25°C | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.2 | V |
| BL circuit current | I _{LED} | V _{LED} =5V | - | 278 | - | mA |
| Input voltage (high) | V _{ih} | H level | 0.7D V _{DD} | - | V _{DD} | V |
| Input voltage (low) | V _{il} | L level | 0 | - | 0.3 V _{DD} | V |

4.1.2 Backlight driving conditions

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Remark |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|-----|-------|-----|------|---------|
| Backlight Voltage (To LED directly) | V _{BL} | I _{BL} =60mA | -- | 19.2 | -- | V | Note1 |
| LED life time | -- | -- | -- | 50000 | -- | H | Note2,3 |

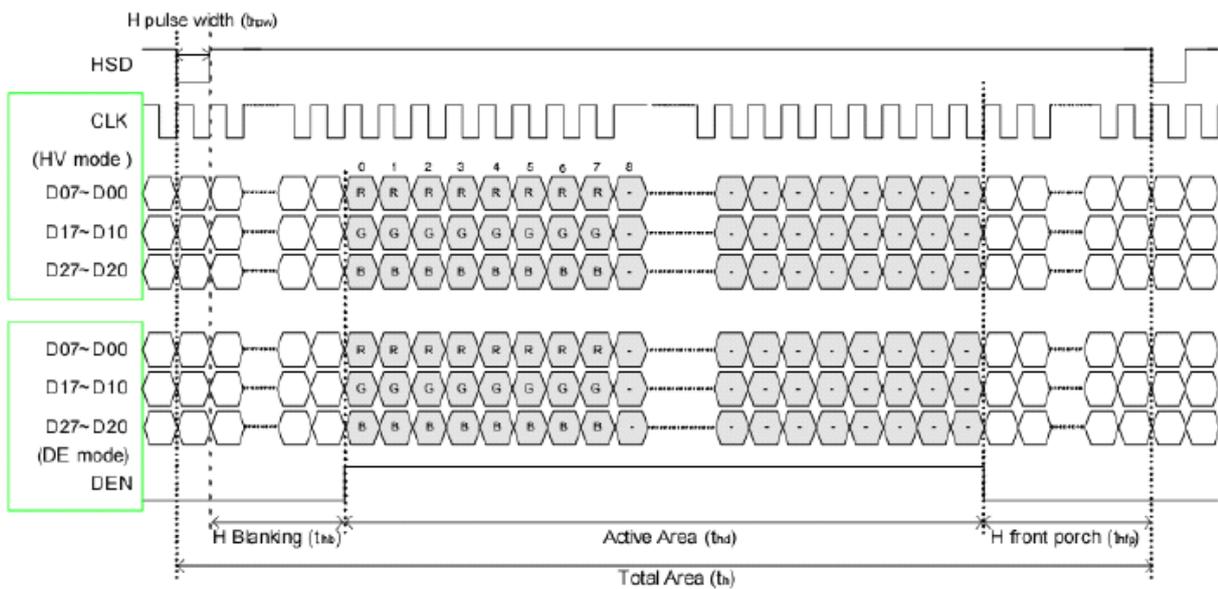
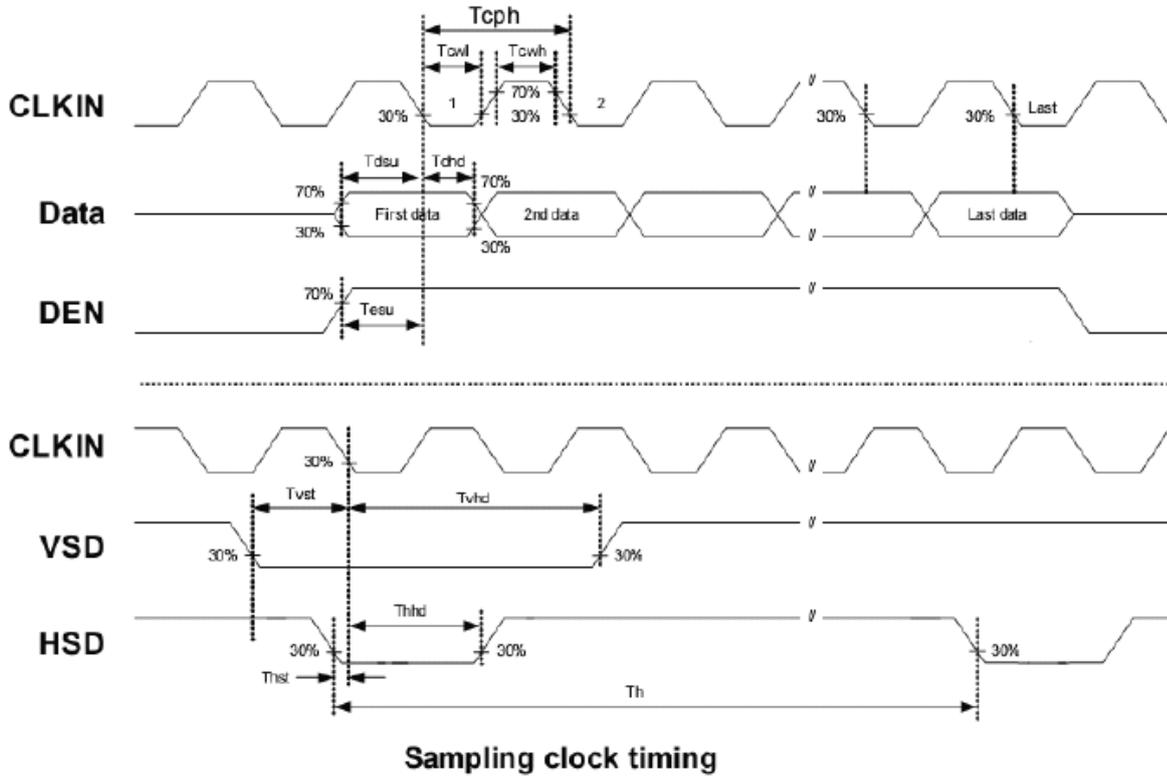
Note 1: The LED Supply Voltage is defined by the number of LED at Ta=25°C and I_{BL} =60mA.

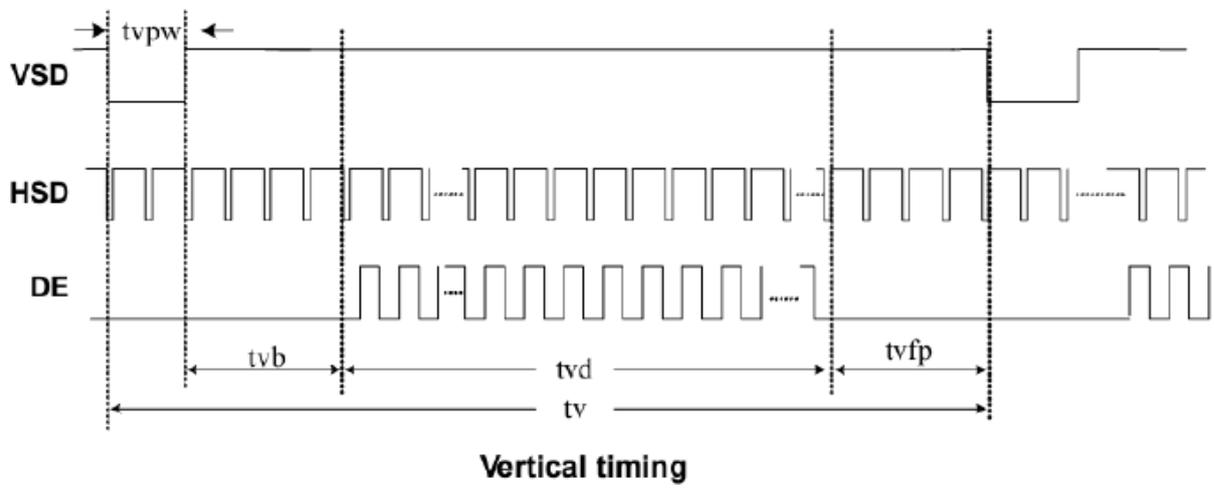
Note 2: The "LED life time" is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness at Ta=25°C and I_{BL} =60mA.

Note 3: Please make sure the LCM works under well heat dissipated condition, and to prolong the lifetime, please reduce the driving current when environment temperature increases,.

4.2 TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

4.2.1 Data Input Format





4.2.2 Timing

| Item | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|-------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| DCLK cycle time | Tclk | 25 | | | ns | |
| DCLK frequency | fclk | | 33 | 40 | MHz | |
| DCLK pulse duty | Tcwh | 40 | 50 | 60 | % | |
| VSYNC setup time | Tvst | 8 | | | ns | |
| VSYNC hold time | Tvhd | 8 | | | ns | |
| HSYNC setup time | Thst | 8 | | | ns | |
| HSYNC hold time | Thhd | 8 | | | ns | |
| Data setup time | Tdasu | 8 | | | ns | |
| Data hold time | Tdahd | 8 | | | ns | |
| DE setup time | Tdesu | 8 | | | ns | |
| DE hold time | Tdehd | 8 | | | ns | |
| Horizontal display area | Thd | | 800 | | Tcph | |
| HSYNC period time | Th | | 928 | | Tcph | |
| HSYNC width | Thwh | 1 | 48 | | Tcph | |
| HSYNC back porch | Thbp | | 40 | | Tcph | |
| HSYNC front porch | Thfp | | 40 | | Tcph | |
| Vertical display area | Tvd | | 480 | | th | |
| VSYNC period time | Tv | | 525 | | th | |
| VSYNC width | Tvwh | | 3 | | th | |
| VSYNC back porch | Tvbp | | 29 | | th | |
| VSYNC front porch | Tvfp | | 13 | | th | |

5.0 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Values | | | Unit | Remark |
|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|------|------|-------------------|------------------|
| | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | | |
| Viewing Angle (CR ≥ 10) | θ_L | $\Phi=180^\circ$ (9 O'CLOCK) | 70 | 80 | -- | degree | Note 1 |
| | θ_R | $\Phi=0^\circ$ (3 O'CLOCK) | 70 | 80 | -- | | |
| | θ_T | $\Phi=90^\circ$ (12 O'CLOCK) | 70 | 80 | -- | | |
| | θ_B | $\Phi=270^\circ$ (6 O'CLOCK) | 70 | 80 | -- | | |
| Response Time | $T_{ON} + T_{OFF}$ | Normal $\Theta = \Phi = 0^\circ$ | -- | 25 | 50 | msec | Note 3 |
| Contrast Ratio | CR | | 400 | 800 | -- | -- | Note 4 |
| Color Chromaticity | W_X | | 0.26 | 0.31 | 0.36 | -- | Note 2 |
| | W_Y | | 0.28 | 0.33 | 0.38 | -- | Note 5 Note 6 |
| Luminance | L | | 450 | 500 | -- | cd/m ² | Note 6 |
| Luminance Uniformity | YU | | 75 | 80 | -- | % | Note 7 |

Test Conditions:

- $I_{BL}=60mA$ (Backlight current), the ambient temperature is 25°C.
- The test systems refer to Note 2.

Note 1: Definition of viewing angle range

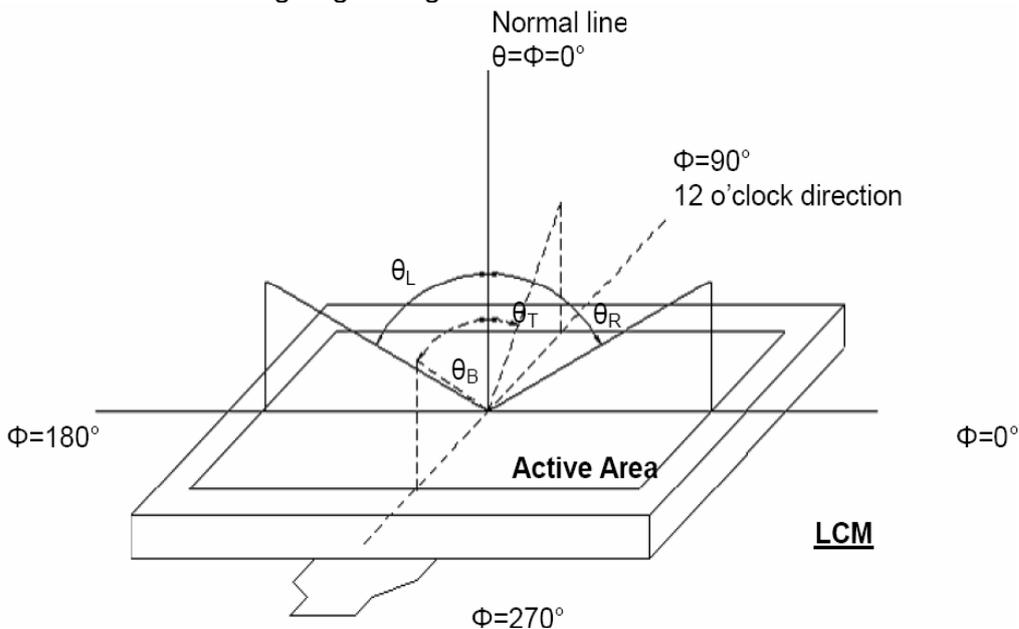


Figure 5.1 Definition of viewing angle.

Note 2: Definition of optical measurement system.

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 30 minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. (Response time is measured by Photo detector TOPCON)

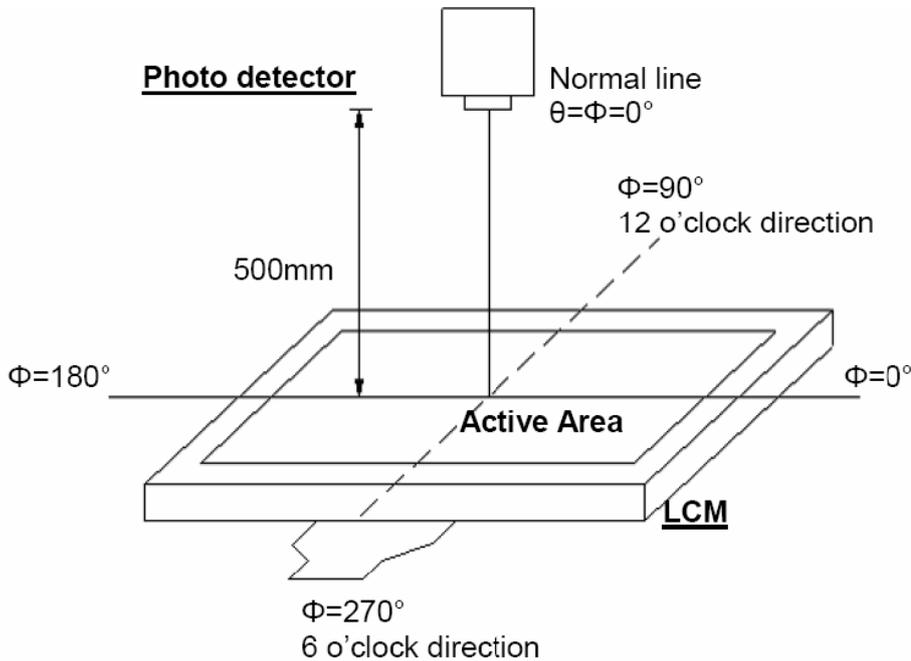


Figure 5.2 Optical measurement system setup

Note 3: Definition of Response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time (TON) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (TOFF) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.

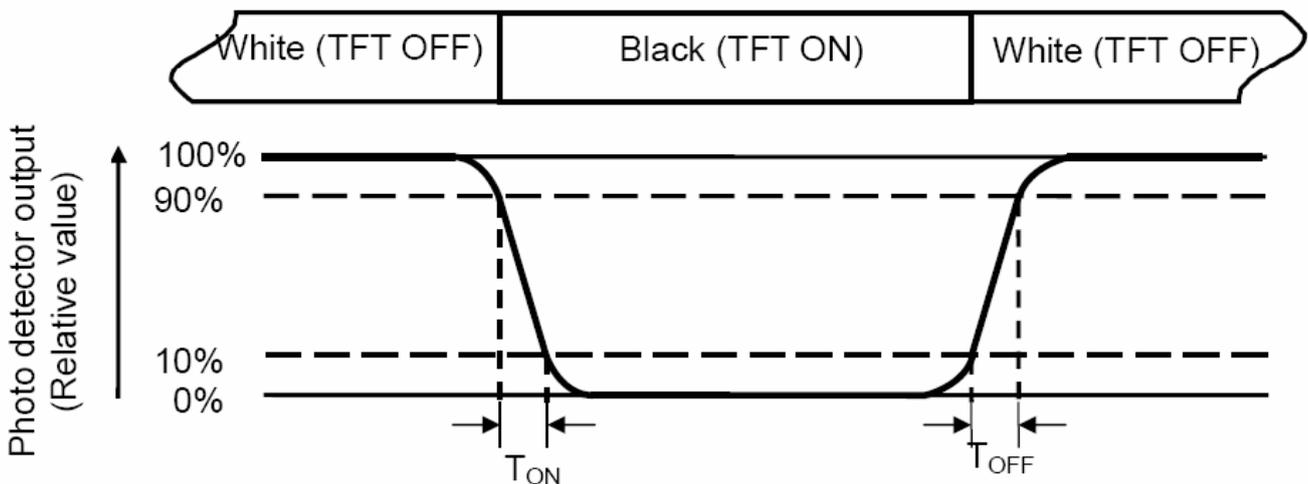


Figure 5.3 Definition of response.

Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio

$$\text{Contrast ratio(CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "white" state}}{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "black" state}}$$

Note 5: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)
Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.

Note 6: All input terminals LCD panel must be ground while measuring the center area of the panel.

Note 7: Definition of Luminance Uniformity

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Refer to Fig. 4.4).Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

$$\text{Luminance Uniformity (Yu)} = \frac{B_{min}}{B_{max}}$$

L-----Active area length W----- Active area width

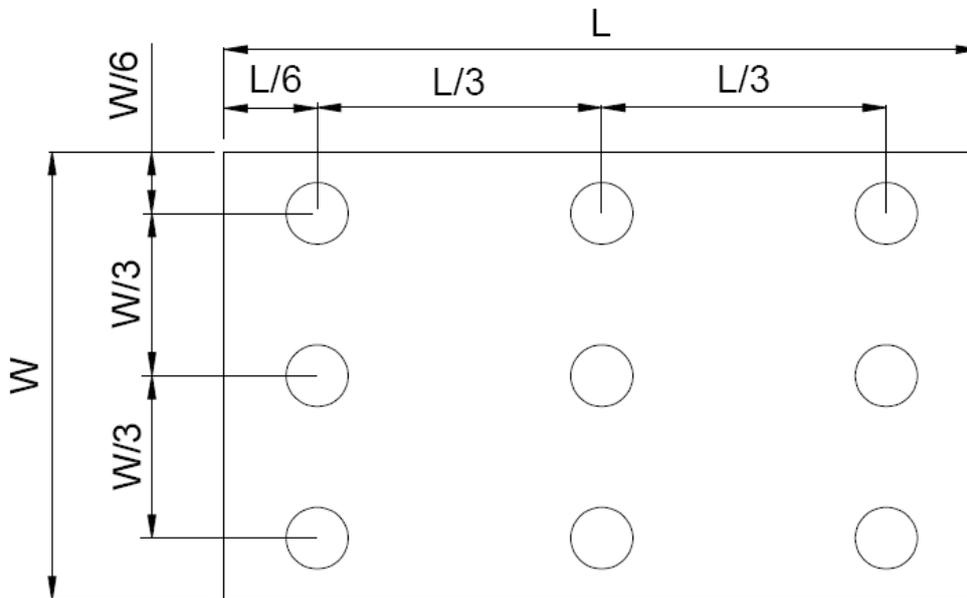
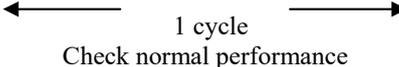


Figure 4.4 Definition of measuring points.

Bmax: The measured maximum luminance of all measurement position.

Bmin: The measured minimum luminance of all measurement position.

6.0 RELIABILITY TEST

| NO | Test Item | Description | Test Condition | Remark | |
|----|--------------------|--|---|--|----------------|
| 1 | Environmental Test | High temperature storage | Applying the high storage temperature Under normal humidity for a long time Check normal performance | 80 °C 240hrs | |
| 2 | | Low temperature storage | Applying the low storage temperature Under normal humidity for a long time Check normal performance | -30°C 240hrs | |
| 3 | | High temperature Operation | Apply the electric stress(Voltage and current) Under high temperature for a long time | 70 °C 240hrs | Note1 |
| 4 | | Low temperature Operation | Apply the electric stress Under low temperature for a long time | -20°C 240hrs | Note1 Note2 |
| 5 | | High temperature/High Humidity Storage | Apply high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time | 90% RH 40°C 240hrs | Note2 |
| 6 | | Temperature Cycle | Apply the low and high temperature cycle -30°C <> 25°C <> 80°C <> 25°C 30min 10min 30min 10min  1 cycle Check normal performance | -30°C/80°C 10 cycle | |
| 7 | Mechanical Test | Vibration test(Package state) | Applying vibration to product check normal performance | Freq:10-55Hz Max Acceleration 5G 1 cycle time:1min time X.Y.Z direction for 15 mines | |
| 8 | | Shock test(package state) | Applying shock to product check normal performance | Drop them through 70cm height to strike horizontal plane | |
| 9 | Other | | | | |

Remark

Note1:Normal operations condition (25°C±5°C).

Note2:Pay attention to keep dewdrops from the module during this test.

7.0 PRECAUTION FOR USING LCM

1. When design the product with this LCD Module, make sure the viewing angle matches to its purpose of usage.
2. As LCD panel is made of glass substrate, dropping the LCD module or banging it against hard objects may cause cracking or fragmentation. Especially at corners and edges.
3. Although the polarizer of this LCD Module has the anti-glare coating, always be careful not to scratch its surface. Use of a plastic cover is recommended to protect the surface of polarizer.
4. If the LCD module is stored below specified temperature, the LC material may freeze and be deteriorated. If it is stored above specified temperature, the molecular orientation of the LC material may change to Liquid state and it may not revert to its original state. And also excessive temperature and humidity could cause polarizer peel off or bubble. Therefore, the LCD module should always be stored within specified temperature and humidity range.

If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend temperature/humidity for the storage environment is:

Temperature : 15°C ~ 35°C / Relatively humidity: ≤80%

5. Meanwhile please follow other requirements below for storage:
 - Store with no touch on display surface by the anything else. If possible, store the LCD in the packaging situation when it was delivered.
 - If the original package is opened, please store in an anti-static polyethylene bag and seal it so as not to get fresh air outside enter into it.
 - LCD modules shall be stored in a dark place. And it shall not be exposed to sunlight nor fluorescent light in storage.

Note: If the storage time is over 1 year, the golden fingers of FPC might be slightly oxidized, but it won't affect the electrical performance, customer can use rubber to clean the golden fingers before assembly or directly assemble the display.

6. Saliva or water droplets must be wiped off immediately as those may leave stains or cause color changes if is remained there for a long time. And water vapor will cause corrosion of ITO electrodes.
If the surface of LCD panel needs to be cleaned, wipe it swiftly with cotton or other soft dry cloth. If it is not still clean enough, blow a breath on the surface and wipe again.
If needed, please just moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:

- Isopropyl alcohol
- Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents

7. The module should be driven according to the specified ratings to avoid malfunction and permanent damage. Applying DC voltage cause a rapid deterioration of LC material. Make sure to apply alternating waveform by continuous application of the M signal. Especially the power ON/OFF sequence should be kept to avoid latch-up of driver LSIs and DC charge up to LCD panel.
8. Mechanical Considerations
 - a) LCM are assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision. Avoid excessive shocks and do not make any alterations or modifications. The following should be noted.
 - b) Do not tamper in any way with the tabs on the metal frame.
 - c) Do not modify the PCB by drilling extra holes, changing its outline, moving its components or modifying its pattern.

9. Static Electricity
 - a) Operator

Wear the electrostatics shielded clothes because human body may be statically charged if not ware shielded clothes. Never touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads; the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals with any parts of the human body.

- b) Equipment

There is a possibility that the static electricity is charged to the equipment, which has a function of peeling or friction action (ex: conveyor, soldering iron, working table). Earth the equipment through proper resistance (electrostatic earth: 1×10^8 ohm).

Only properly grounded soldering irons should be used.

If an electric screwdriver is used, it should be well grounded and shielded from commutator sparks.

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The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and working benches; for the latter conductive (rubber) mat is recommended.

b) Floor

Floor is the important part to drain static electricity, which is generated by operators or equipment. There is a possibility that charged static electricity is not properly drained in case of insulating floor. Set the electrostatic earth (electrostatic earth: 1×10^8 ohm).

c) Humidity

Proper humidity helps in reducing the chance of generating electrostatic charges. Humidity should be kept between 50%RH and 80%RH.

d) Transportation/storage

The storage materials also need to be anti-static treated because there is a possibility that the human body or storage materials such as containers may be statically charged by friction or peeling.

The modules should be kept in antistatic bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.

e) Soldering

Soldering anything to this TFT display would void the warranty.

f) Others

The laminator (protective film) is attached on the surface of LCD panel to prevent it from scratches or stains. It should be peeled off slowly using static eliminator.

Static eliminator should also be installed to the workbench to prevent LCD module from static charge.

10. Operation

b) Driving voltage should be kept within specified range; excess voltage shortens display life.

c) Response time increases with decrease in temperature.

d) Display may turn black or dark blue at temperatures above its operational range; this is (however not pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".

e) Mechanical disturbance during operation (such as pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".

11. If any fluid leaks out of a damaged glass cell, wash off any human part that comes into contact with soap and water. The toxicity is extremely low but caution should be exercised at all the time.

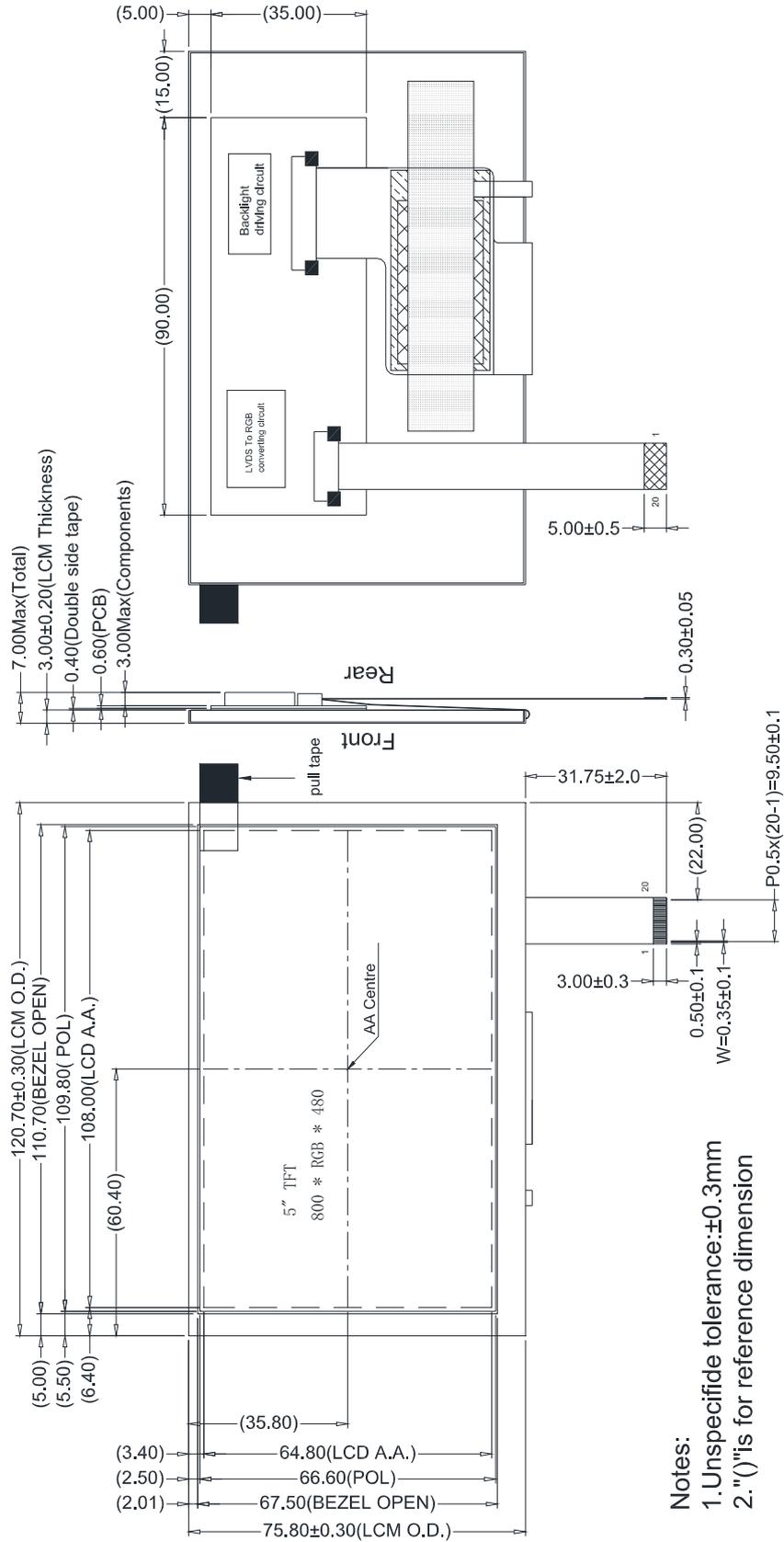
12. Disassembling the LCD module can cause permanent damage and it should be strictly avoided.

13. LCD retains the display pattern when it is applied for long time (Image retention). To prevent image retention, do not apply the fixed pattern for a long time. Image retention is not a deterioration of LCD. It will be removed after display pattern is changed.

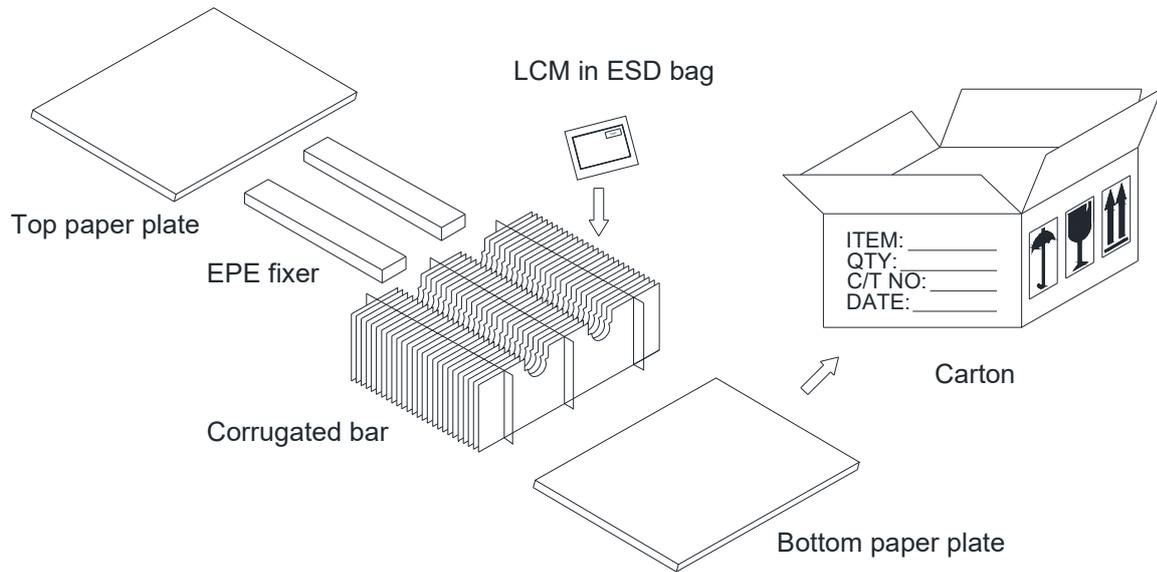
14. Do not use any materials, which emit gas from epoxy resin (hardener for amine) and silicone adhesive agent (dealcohol or deoxym) to prevent discoloration of polarizer due to gas.

15. Avoid the exposure of the module to the direct sunlight or strong ultraviolet light for a long time.

8.0 MECHANICAL DIAGRAM



9.0 PACKAGE DRAWING



10.0 INSPECTION SPECIFICATION

1. SCOPE SPECIFICATIONS CONTAIN

- 1.1 DISPLAY QUALITY EVALUATION
- 1.2 MECHANICS SPECIFICATION

2. SAMPLING PLAN

UNLESS THERE IS OTHER AGREEMENT, THE SAMPLING PLAN FOR INCOMING INSPECTION SHALL FOLLOW MIL-STD-105E.

- 2.1 LOT SIZE: QUANTITY PER SHIPMENT AS ONE LOT (DIFFERENT MODEL AS DIFFERENT LOT).
- 2.2 SAMPLING TYPE: NORMAL INSPECTION, SINGLE SAMPLING.
- 2.3 SAMPLING LEVEL: LEVEL II.
- 2.4 AQL: ACCEPTABLE QUALITY LEVEL
 MAJOR DEFECT: AQL=0.65
 MINOR DEFECT: AQL=1.0

3. PANEL INSPECTION CONDITION

- 3.1 ENVIRONMENT:
 ROOM TEMPERATURE: 25±5°C.
 HUMIDITY: 65±5% RH.
 ILLUMINATION: 300 ~ 700 LUX.
- 3.2 INSPECTION DISTANCE:
 35±5 CM
- 3.3 INSPECTION ANGLE:
 THE VISION OF INSPECTOR SHOULD BE PERPENDICULAR TO THE SURFACE OF THE MODULE.
- 3.4 INSPECTION TIME:
 PERCEPTIBILITY TEST TIME: 20 SECONDS MAX.

4. DISPLAY QUALITY

- 4.1 FUNCTION RELATED:
 THE FUNCTION DEFECTS OF LINE DEFECT, ABNORMAL DISPLAY, AND NO DISPLAY ARE CONSIDERED MAJOR DEFECTS.
- 4.2 BRIGHT/DARK DOTS:

| Defect Type | Specification | Major | Minor |
|----------------------------|---------------|-------|-------|
| Bright Dots | $N \leq 2$ | | • |
| Dark Dots | $N \leq 3$ | | • |
| Total Bright and Dark Dots | $N \leq 4$ | | • |

Note: 1:

The definition of dot: The size of a defective dot over 1/2 of whole dot is regarded as one defective dot.

Bright dot: Dots appear bright and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under black pattern.

The bright dot defect must be visible through 2% ND filter

Dark dot: Dots appear dark and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under pure red, green, blue pattern.

4.3 Pixel Definition:

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------|
| R | G | B | R | G | B | R | G | B | |  | Dot Defect |
| R | G | B | R | G | B | R | G | B | |  | Adjacent Dot Defect |
| R | G | B | R | G | B | R | G | B | |  | Cluster |

Note 1:

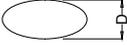
If pixel or partial sub-pixel defects exceed 50% of the affected pixel or sub-pixel area, it shall be considered as 1 defect.

Note 2:

There should be no distinct non-uniformity visible through 2% ND Filter within 2 sec inspection times.

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4.4 Visual Inspection specifications:

| Defect Type | | Specification Size | Count (N) | Major | Minor |
|---|-------------------|--|------------|-------|-------|
| Dot shape (Particle, Scratch and Bubbles in display area)  | | $D \leq 0.25\text{mm}$ | Ignored | | ● |
| | | $0.25\text{mm} < D \leq 0.5\text{mm}$ | $N \leq 3$ | | |
| | | $D > 0.5\text{mm}$ | $N = 0$ | | |
| Newton Ring (Only for Touch panel) | | $D \leq 70\text{mm}$ | $N \leq 4$ | | ● |
| | | $D > 70\text{mm}$ | $N = 0$ | | |
| TSP Fish Eyes (Only for Touch panel) (Bubble/Dent) | | $0.1\text{mm} < D \leq 0.2\text{mm}$ | $N \leq 4$ | | ● |
| | | $0.2\text{mm} < D \leq 0.3\text{mm}$ | $N \leq 3$ | | |
| | | $0.3\text{mm} < D \leq 0.4\text{mm}$ | $N \leq 2$ | | |
| Line shape (Particles, Scratch, Lint and Bubbles in display area)  | | $W \leq 0.01\text{mm}$ | Ignored | | ● |
| | | $0.01\text{mm} < W \leq 0.05\text{mm}$, and $L \leq 3\text{mm}$ | $N \leq 3$ | | |
| | | $W > 0.05\text{mm}$, or $L > 3\text{mm}$ | $N = 0$ | | |
| Bubble in cell (active area) | | It should be found by eyes | | | ● |
| Bezel | Scratch | No harm | | | ● |
| | Dirt | No harm | | | ● |
| | Wrap | No harm | | | ● |
| | Sunken | No harm | | | ● |
| Label | No label | No | | | ● |
| | Inverted label | No | | | ● |
| | Broken | No | | | ● |
| | Dirt | Word can be read | | | ● |
| | Not clear | No | | | ● |
| | Word out of shape | No | | | ● |
| | Mistake | No | | | ● |
| | Position | Be attached on right position | | | ● |
| Screw | Not enough | No | | | ● |
| | Limp | No | | | ● |
| Connector | Connection status | No bend on PINs and damage | | | ● |
| FPC/FFC | Broken | No | | | ● |

Note: Extraneous substance and scratch not affecting the display of image, for instance, extraneous substance under polarizer film but outside the display area, or scratch on metal bezel and backlight module or polarizer film outside the display area, shall not be considered as defective or non-conforming.